## VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYA PITH

## शक्तिउत्थानआश्रमलखीसरायबिहार

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#### Illustration 2

Alka, Harpreet and Shreya are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:1. Alka retires and her share is taken up by Harpreet and Shreya in the ratio of 3:2. Calculate the new profit sharing ratio.

#### Solution

Gaining Given, Ratio of Harpreet and Shreya =  $3:2 = \frac{3}{5}:\frac{2}{5}$ 

Old Profit Sharing Ratio of between Alka, Harpreet and Shreya 3:2:1 =  $\frac{3}{6}$ :  $\frac{2}{6}$ :  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

Share acquired by Harpreet  $=\frac{3}{5}$  of  $\frac{3}{6}=\frac{9}{30}$ 

Share acquired by Shreya =  $\frac{2}{5}$  of  $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{6}{30}$ 

New Share = Old Share + Acquired Share

Harpreet's New Share  $= \frac{2}{6} + \frac{9}{30} = \frac{19}{30}$ 

Shreya's New Share  $=\frac{1}{6} + \frac{6}{30} = \frac{11}{30}$ 

New Profit Sharing Ratio of Harpreet and Shreya = 19:11

#### Illustration 3

Murli, Naveen and Omprakash are partners sharing profits in the ratio of  $\frac{3}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{8}$ . Murli retires and surrenders 2/3rd of his share in favour of Naveen and the remaining share in favour of Omprakash. Calculate new profit sharing and the gaining ratio of the remaining partners.

#### Solution

			Naveen	Omprakash
(i)	Old Share		1 2	18
(ii)	Share Acquired by Naveen and			
	Omprakash from Murli	=	$\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{8} = \frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{1}{3}$ of $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$
(iii)	New Share $=$ (i) $+$ (ii)	-	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$
		=	$\frac{6}{8}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$	$=\frac{2}{8} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4}$
nea.		3 1		2211

Thus, the New profit sharing Ratio =  $\frac{3}{4}$ :  $\frac{1}{4}$  or 3:1, and the

Gaining Ratio = 
$$\frac{2}{8} : \frac{1}{8}$$
 or 2:1 [as calculated in (ii)].

#### **Illustration 4**

Kumar, Lakshya, Manoj and Naresh are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:1:4. Kumar retires and his share is acquired by Lakshya and Manoj in the ratio of 3:2. Calculate new profit sharing ratio and gaining ratio of the remaining partners.

#### Solution

		Lakshya	Manoj	Naresh
(i)	Old Share	2 10	110	4 10
(ii)	Acquired Share from Kumar	$\frac{3}{5}$ of $\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{2}{5}$ of $\frac{3}{10}$	Nil
		$=\frac{9}{50}$	$=\frac{6}{50}$	Nil
(iii)	New share = (i) = (ii)	$\frac{2}{10} + \frac{9}{50}$	$= \frac{1}{10} + \frac{6}{50}$	$= \frac{4}{10} + \text{Nil}$
		$=\frac{19}{50}$	$=\frac{11}{50}$	$=\frac{20}{50}$

The New Profit Sharing Ratio is 19:11:20

Gaining ratio is 3:2:0

Notes: 1. Since Lakshya and Manoj are acquiring Kumar's share of profit in the ratio of 3:2, hence, the gaining ratio will be 3:2 between Lakshya and Manoj.

2. Naresh has neither sacrificed nor gained.

#### Illustration 5

Ranjana, Sadhna and Kamana are partners sharing profits in the ratio 4:3:2. Ranjana retires; Sadhna and Kamana decided to share profits in future in the ratio of 5:3. Calculate the Gaining Ratio.

#### Solution

Gaining Share = New Share - Old Share Sadhna's Gaining Share = 
$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{9} = \frac{45 - 24}{72} = \frac{21}{72}$$

Kamana's Gaining Share =  $\frac{3}{8} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{27 - 16}{72} = \frac{11}{72}$ 

Gaining Ratio between Sadhna and Kamana = 21:11.